AVRUPA MINERALS LTD.
(An Exploration Stage Company)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SSEPTEMBER 30, 2018

OVERVIEW AND INTRODUCTORY COMMENT

Avrupa Minerals Ltd. ("Avrupa" or the "Company") is a growth-oriented junior exploration and development company listed on the TSX Venture Exchange under the trading symbol "AVU". The Company is currently focusing on discovery, using a prospect generator model, for valuable mineral deposits in politically stable and prospective regions of Europe, including Portugal, Kosovo and Germany.

The Company currently holds seven exploration licenses in three European countries, including four in Portugal covering 2,892 km^2, two in Kosovo covering 47 km^2, and one in Germany covering 307 km^2. Avrupa now has four active option and joint ventures, three in Portugal and one in Kosovo, including:

- The **Alvalade, Marateca and Mertola** properties with an international mining company on the Iberian Pyrite Belt in southern Portugal.
- Avrupa's partner at the **Slivovo Gold Project** in Kosovo is fully funding the program, allowing Avrupa to dilute its ownership in the JV operating company Peshter Mining JSC. If AVU ownership goes below 10%, the interest in the project converts to a 2% NSR.

This MD&A is dated November 29, 2018 and discloses specified information up to that date. Unless otherwise noted, all currency amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars. The following information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the related notes for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 and the related notes thereto

Additional information relevant to the Company and the Company's activities can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com, and/or on the Company's website at www.avrupaminerals.com.

MAJOR QUARTERLY OPERATING MILESTONES

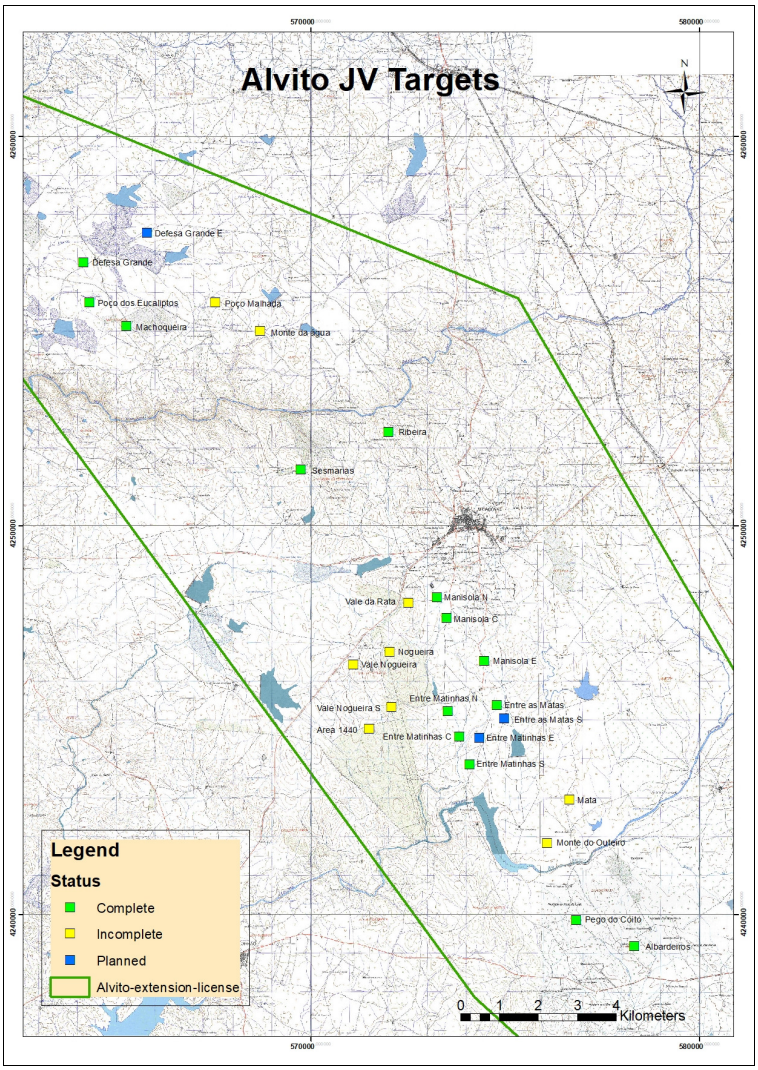
Alvito Project (Portugal):

On January 22, 2018, the Company updated that ground magnetics and gravity geophysical surveys, geological mapping, rock chip sampling, and drill targeting were completed. Successful targeting suggests that there may be reason to increase the proposed amount of drilling to 2,000-2,500 meters.

The following map and table summarize the targeting process at Alvito. Most exploration at Alvito has concentrated on the southern half of the license where numerous copper prospects along two sub-parallel, 10-km long, NNW-trending structures highlight the potential for copper-gold mineralization. However, latest work in the north after completion of the geophysics also suggests that there is potential for copper mineralization in a number of areas there, as well.

Target Name	Target Type	Target Name	Target Type
Entre Matinhas Central	Magnetite breccia	Monte da Agua	Quartz vein/fault
Entre Matinhas North	Magnetite breccia	Monte do Outeiro (North)	Dikes and fault
Manisela South	Fault (gossan)	Monte do Outeiro (South)	Fault and gossan
Cova Das Minas	Quartz vein and fault zone	Albardeiros	Fault and dikes
Manisela North	Fault, quartz vein and gossan	Pego do Coito	Fault and dikes
Entre Matinhas South	Fault	Poço Malhada	Mafic dykes and contacts
Ribeira	Dikes and faults	Machoqueira	Contact
Manisela East	Fault, breccia and gossan	Poço dos Eucaliptos	Contact and fault
Defesa Grande	Contact and faults	Area 1440	Faults?
Mata	Contact and fault intersection; magnetite breccia and quartz vein	Vale da Rata	Contacts?
Entre As Matas (North)	Fault	Entre Matinhas East	visit necessary
Vale Nogueira	Quartz vein and fault	Entre as Matas South	visit necessary
Entre As Matas (South)	Fault	Defesa Grande East	visit necessary
Nogueira	Fault and quartz vein		

Table 1. List of Alvito targets presently under consideration. Highest priority areas to date, based on results from geochem, geophysics, and geologic mapping, are shaded for emphasis.



Map of the Alvito license with location of targets.

Recent rock chip sampling and mapping suggest new targets in several areas, particularly around the **Mata** and **Monte do Outeiro** targets where geochemical anomalies in gold, copper, bismuth, molybdenum, tungsten, lead, and zinc suggest the presence of a previously unsuspected, potentially mineralized, buried felsic intrusion. Gold and copper anomalism associated with magnetite breccias and gossans at the **Entre Matinhas**, **Entre as Matas**, and **Manisela** target areas are also high on the targeting list for the coming drill campaign. A number of copper-bearing quartz vein occurrences in the **Nogueira** and **Vale Nogueira** areas suggest further target possibilities in larger, less-explored parts of the Alvito license. Following is a table of recent rock-chip sampling results for gold and copper from a work order of 50 rock and QA/QC control samples.

Sample Site	Au ppm	Cu ppm	Description
Monte do Outeiro	1.475	13950	Gossan
Monte do Outeiro	0.58	4080	gossan, qtz vnlt
Monte do Outeiro	13.1	5820	gossan, qtz vnlts
Monte do Outeiro	0.237	6960	gossan
Monte do Outeiro	0.27	2910	gossan
Monte do Outeiro	0.009	3140	alt mafics, fracs
Pego do Coito	0.025	5320	gossan in mafics
Mata	0.888	823	silicified rx
Mata	0.017	1445	silicified breccia
Mata	0.05	11150	qtz vn w/mal
Mata	0.33	29500	silicified breccia
Mata	4.53	7900	gossanous volc rx
Cova das Minas	-0.005	1240	silicified syenite bx
Monte da Água	0.046	1270	gossan boulders
Monte da Água	0.035	1890	qtz vn w/mal, cpy
Monte da Água	0.008	1740	qtz vn w/mal, cpy
Vale Nogueira	0.077	26400	qtz vn w/mal
Vale Nogueira	0.067	23500	qtz vn w/mal
Nogueira	0.028	20200	qtz vn w/mal
Nogueira	0.072	26100	qtz vn w/mal
Manisela	-0.005	6750	qtz vn w/mal, cpy
Manisela	0.51	11100	gossan
Manisela	0.338	5080	Gossan

Table 2. Partial list of recent results for rock chip sampling around the Alvito license. Gold and copper results clearly upgrade these target areas. Further ground work will continue as part of the drill targeting process. Note consistent detectable gold values (up to 13.1 ppm) and high copper values (up to 2.95%) at Mata and Monte do Outeiro. Samples were prepared by ALS Minerals in their Seville, Spain facility and analyzed by ALS Minerals in their Loughrea, Ireland analytical laboratory to industry standards, including use of standard QA/QC protocols.

On May 3, 2018, the Company announced that the proposed drill project has been increased to 15 holes and approximately 2,100 meters at seven separate target areas. Targeting has been based on positive results from ground magnetics and gravity surveys along with coincident copper and gold geochemical anomalism.

Target Name	Target Characteristics – Magnetite IOCG	Drill holes planned	Planned hole lengths
Entre Matinhas	Magnetite breccia, boundary fault	5	100-150 m
Manisela	Fault (gossan)	1	200 m
Entre As Matas	Fault, fracture zone	2	150-175 m

Mata	Contact and fault intersection; magnetite breccia and quartz vein	1	100 m
Monte do Outeiro	Dikes and fault, gossan	2	150-175 m
Cova Das Minas	Quartz vein and fault zone	3	100-150 m
Ribeira	Dikes and faults	1	150 m

Table 1. List of target areas for the Alvito Magnetite IOCG Project, initial phase drilling program.

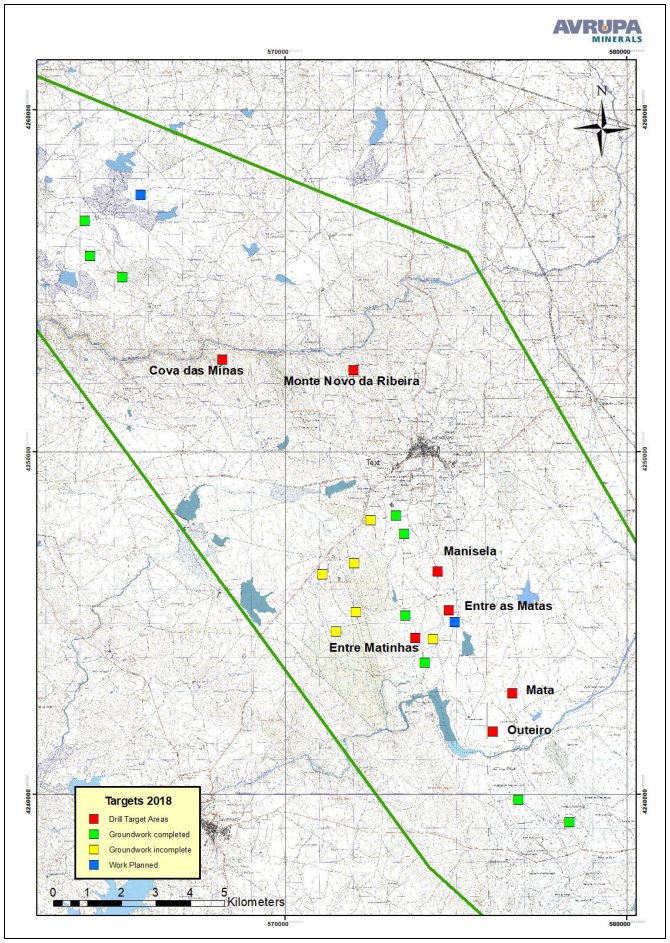


Figure 1. Map of the Alvito license with drilling target areas noted in red.

On July 3, 2018 and August 7, 2018, the Company announced that it drilled 18 holes, totaling 2,437.5 meters, in eight separate prospect areas within the Alvito license. IOCG-style mineralization is present in drill holes in at least two of the prospect areas, Entre Matinhas and Entre as Matas. Possible IOCG-style sulfide mineralization is present in drill holes at the Outeiro and Manisela prospects. Epithermal-style sulfide mineralization is present at the Mata and Cova das Minas prospects.

On September 25, 2018, the Company reported the final results at the Alvito project. Anomalous copper results from all sampling are reported in the table below. The Company sampled several holes in their entirety, but most sampling covered only areas of continuous, visible

mineralization and alteration in the drill holes. Several holes were not sampled in this phase of the program.

The best overall consistent results came from the Entre Matinhas target area where copper values in six of eight holes came in at 0.1% and greater over intervals of 1.5 meters to 86 meters. Highest grade intervals included:

- 86.3 meters @ 0.16% copper, including 9.8 meters @ 0.41% copper, in EMS001
- 21.4 meters @ 0.1% copper in EMS002
- 2.55 meters @ 0.91% copper in EMS003
- 44.65 meters @ 0.21% copper, including 7.1 meters @ 1.0% in EMS005
- 5.25 meters @ 0.31% copper in EMS006
- 4.45 meters @ 0.46% copper in EMS008

Anomalous intervals in other target areas include:

- 4.7 meters @ 0.13% copper in EAM001
- 7.8 meters @ 0.11% copper in EAM002
- 10 meters @ 0.11% copper in OUT001

Mineralization style and alteration patterns at Entre Matinhas fit into the general characteristics and parameters for IOCG deposits. This first-pass drilling program covered only a limited area at shallow depths over 300 square kilometers, yet results clearly demonstrate real, close-to-surface potential for IOCG mineralization in a well-defined, easily prospectable target area. Further IOCG-style mineralization and alteration are present in the Manisela target area, located north of Entre Matinhas, and at Entre as Matas, located northeast of Entre Matinhas (see following location map). First-pass geological mapping and ground geophysics suggest that the area to the west of Entre Matinhas and Manisela may also host IOCG possibilities in the Vale da Rata, Nogueira, Vale Nogueira, and 1440 target areas. The total area of the resulting, preferred IOCG target interest is approximately 20 square kilometers.

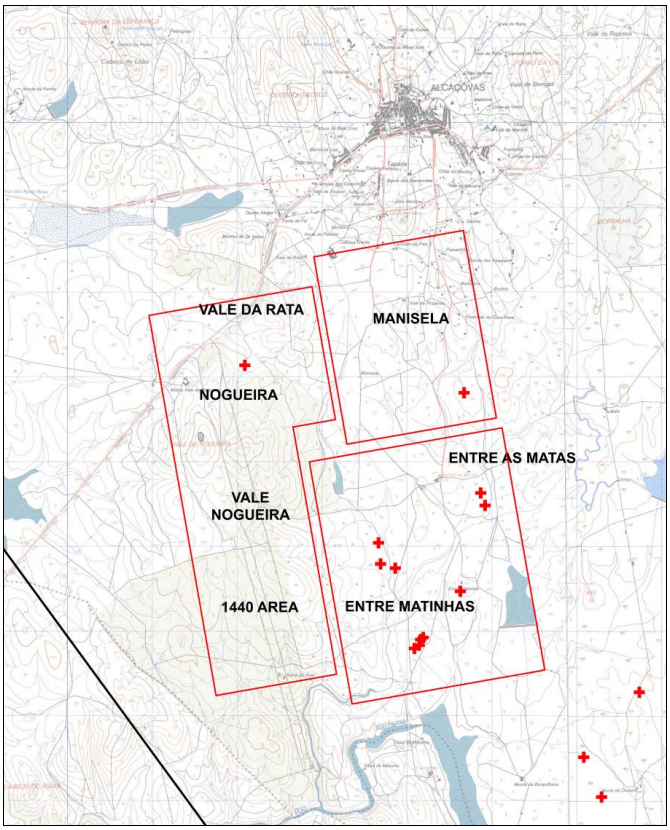


Figure 1. Map of the Alcaçovas IOCG District. Total area of interest is approximately 20 square kilometers. Most drilling completed in the first-pass project was in the Entre Matinhas target area (red location symbols).

Hole ID	Area	Intercept (m)		From (m)	To (m)	Cu (%)
EMS001	Entre Matinhas		86.3	14.15	100.45	0.16
		incl	9.8	30.65	40.45	0.41
		incl	32.55	57.75	90.3	0.24
EMS002	Entre Matinhas		4.9	11.45	16.35	0.11
		and	10.4	37.1	47.5	0.1
		and	36.8	102.1	138.9	0.08
		incl	21.4	117.5	138.9	0.1
		incl	7.1	117.5	124.6	0.11
		incl	8.1	130.8	138.9	0.15
EMS003	Entre Matinhas		32.85	10.85	43.7	0.1
		incl	2.55	17.55	20.1	0.91
Hole ID	**Area**	**Intercept (m)**		**From (m)**	**To (m)**	**Cu (%)**
EMS004	Entre Matinhas	limited sampling				
EMS005	Entre Matinhas		44.65	38.4	83.05	0.21
		incl	7.1	39.05	46.15	1.0
		incl	9.95	63.35	73.3	0.14

EMS006	Entre Matinhas		72.75	17.85	90.6	0.06
		incl	1.5	17.85	19.35	0.18
		incl	4.65	33.65	38.3	0.1
		incl	5.25	48.15	53.4	0.31
EMS007	Entre Matinhas	not sampled				
EMS008	Entre Matinhas		63.55	40.65	104.2	0.07
		incl	8.95	95.25	104.2	0.25
		incl	4.45	98.25	102.7	0.46
EAM001	Entre as Matas		13.45	41.85	55.3	0.07
		incl	4.7	41.85	46.55	0.13
EAM002	Entre as Matas		24	32	56	0.05
		incl	7.8	33.2	41	0.11
OUT001	Outeiro	limited sampling	10	109	119	0.11
OUT002	Outeiro	limited sampling				
MAN001	Manisela	limited sampling	7.9	59.55	67.45	0.05
CDM001	Cova das Minas	not sampled				
CDM002	Cova das Minas	not sampled				
MAT001	Mata	limited sampling				
MNR001	Monte Novo de Ribeiro	not sampled				
NOG001	Nogueira	not sampled				

Table 1. Significant copper results from the Alvito drilling program.

On October 10, 2018, the Company announced that the Company will retain 100% of the Alvito project, as the partner has declined to earn its potential interest in the project. The Company is now free to advance the project with further drilling next summer, or establish a new option agreement with another partner.

Alvalade, Marateca and Mertola Projects (Portugal):

On March 5, 2018, the Company announced that it had signed a non-binding Letter of Intent ("LOI") with a subsidiary of an international mining company (the "Funding Partner") where the Funding Partner will provide a first stage earn-in amount of €13 million (approximately $20.3 million) for exploration programs over the next three years to acquire a 51% interest in the projects. The parties are currently finalizing a definitive agreement for each of the licenses. This process has been slower than anticipated but continues in a positive manner. In the meantime, the Company continues to explore on the licenses, maintaining the validity of the licenses for the anticipated joint venture.

The LOI includes the following earn-in terms:

- **Alvalade**
  - For 51% of the license, spend €10 million over the next 3 years (including 30,000 meters of drilling);

- For an additional 24%, for a total of 75%, produce a feasibility study on any one particular project within the license area by the end of the pre-exploitation license period, or by the end of 2023, whichever is earliest.

- **Marateca**
  - For 51% of the license, spend €2 million over the next 2 years, including 10,000 meters of drilling;
  - For an additional 9%, for a total of 60%, spend €4 million over the following 2 years, including a minimum of 10,000 meters of drilling;
  - For a further 10%, for a total of 70%, produce a pre-feasibility study on any one particular project within the license area by the end of 2023.

- **Mertola**
  - For 51% of the license, spend €1 million by the end of the exploration license period in 2019, including at least 2,000 meters of drilling;
  - For an additional 9%, for a total of 60%, spend €2 million within two years of the start of the pre-exploitation license, including a minimum of 6,000 meters of drilling;
  - For a further 10%, for a total of 70%, produce a pre-feasibility study, within three years of the 60% earn-in, or by the end of the pre-exploitation license period, on any one particular project within the license area.

Avrupa considers the three license areas to be highly prospective for copper and zinc. The Iberian Pyrite Belt (IPB) of Spain and Portugal reportedly hosts/hosted approximately 2 billion metric tonnes of massive sulfide material from over 85 known prospects, former producers, and presently producing mines, all located within the VS (Volcano-Sedimentary) rock formation that runs from Seville, Spain to near Lisbon, Portugal. Large mining operations in the IPB are currently located at Neves Corvo and Aljustrel in Portugal, and Rio Tinto, Aguas Tenidas, Magdalena, Sotiel, and Las Cruces in Spain. Aznalcollar, in Spain, is currently in development status.

Pyrite Belt – Mines and deposits

Producing Mine
Past Producer
Known Deposit
Iberian Pyrite Belt
Rail Line

- Las Cruces produced 73,643 tonnes of cathode copper in 2016.
- Aguas Tenidas produced 4.4 million tonnes of copper-zinc-lead-silver ore in 2016. Opened new Magdalena Mine and re-opened old Sotiel Mine.
- Neves Corvo produced 116,084 tonnes of copper and zinc in 2016.
- Aljustrel produced 28,000 tonnes of copper in 2016.
- The historic Rio Tinto re-opened in 2015. Production in 2016: 26,179 tonnes of copper; 434,000 oz silver.
- Aznalcollar being re-opened

More than 85 known deposits and ~2 billion mt of contained metal sulfides. Dwarfs the size of all other VMS districts in the world.

TSX.V: AVU

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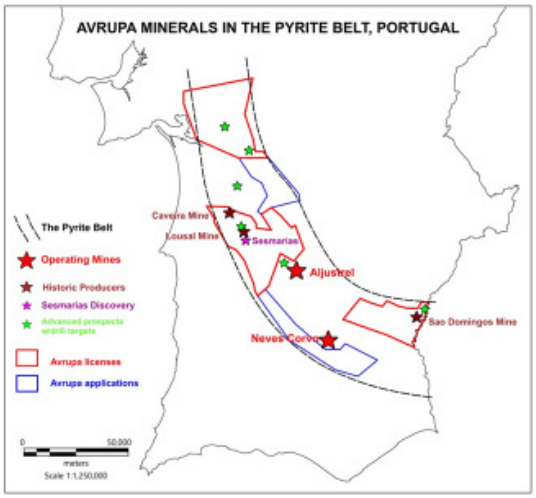
AVRUPA MINERALS

AVU projects in Portugal



- **World class district**
- **Large land package**
- **Metal resource *in situ***
- **Potential to increase resource**
- **Potential for fast mine startup**
- **New discoveries**

- **Alvalade**
  - **Brownfields to Development**
    - Lousal Mine
    - Caveira Mine
    - Sesmarias Discovery
    - Monte da Bela Vista
- **Mertola**
  - **Brownfields**
    - São Domingos Mine
    - Chança Mine
- **Marateca**
  - **Greenfields**
    - Pego do Altar Gossan
    - Serrinha Stockwork

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On October 11, 2018, the Company announced that it is planning a 2,500 to 3,000-meter drill program to expand currently known mineralized areas and to determine the potential size of the mineralization found to date.

Recent geochemical sampling, using ultra-trace level detection methods to analyze for base metals and a suite of pathfinder elements, in the area of the original SES002 discovery hole, has demonstrated even further northwest extension potential for the SES010 massive sulphide lens. Technical understanding of the sub-surface geology also suggests a possible extension of the lens to the southeast of up to 100 meters. There is also potential for further extension of the SES002 discovery lens, which now appears to be a separate lens from the SES010 lens. It is common to have multiple massive sulphide lenses in Pyrite Belt deposits.

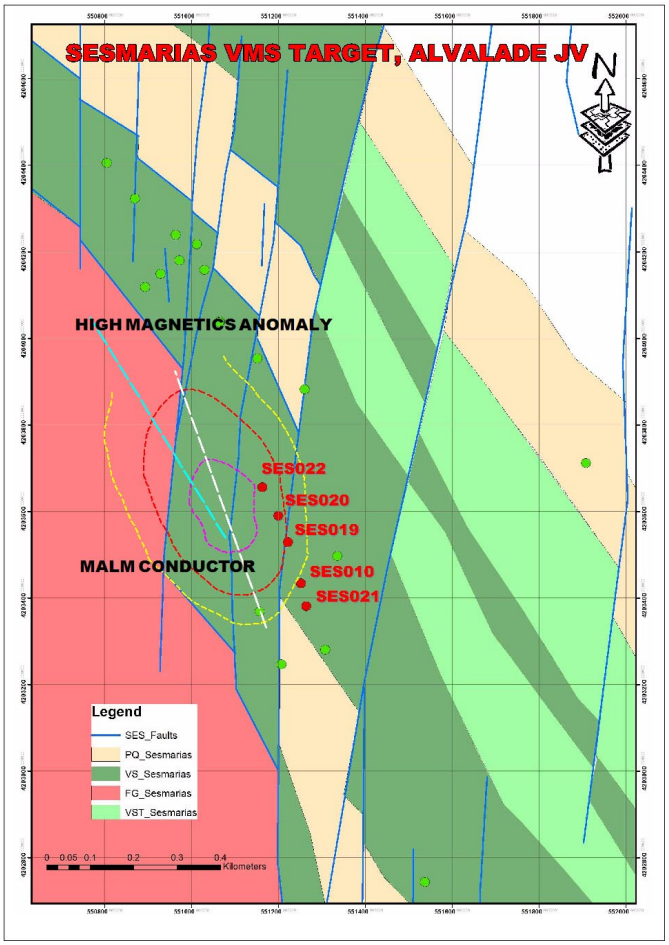

Figure 1. MALM results extend potential of SES010 massive sulfide lens.

In addition to further downdip and strike length massive sulphide targets found along the 1.8-kilometer trend of Sesmarias mineralization, there are at least four other separate, drill-ready targets in the immediate Sesmarias area, a significant target in the Pombal area located about 10 km southeast of Sesmarias, and several targets at the Monte da Bela Vista stockwork discovery located about 10 km north of Sesmarias, all on the Neves Corvo mineral trend. In the

upcoming drilling program, the Company intends to drill in the areas of the SES002 and SES010 sulphide lenses and in the four other target areas noted in the following figure.

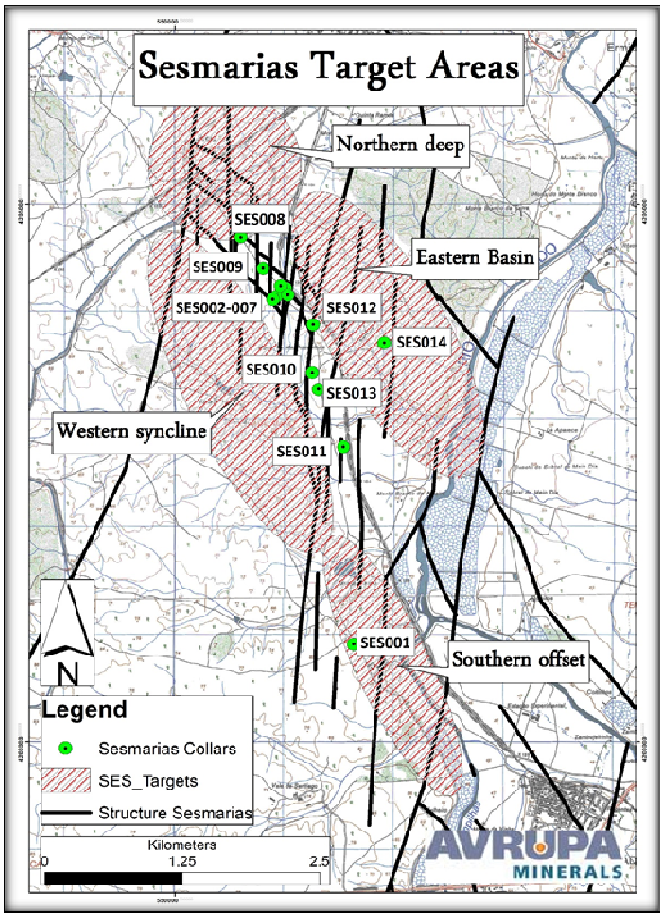

Figure 2. In addition to the 1.8 km long Sesmarias target area, there are four other target zones in the immediate vicinity of Sesmarias: Northern Deep, Eastern Basin, Western Syncline, and Southern Offset.

Furthermore, with completion of recent internal studies of the Sesmarias-Lousal-Monte da Bela Vista area, the Company anticipates the potential and possibility of creating a new mineral district that combines the positive results from the Sesmarias area, located seven kilometers south of the old Lousal Mine, to the Monte da Bela Vista stockwork mineralization, located two kilometers north of Lousal, with the Lousal Mine, itself. Review of historic Lousal Mine resource and production reports suggests that copper/zinc-bearing massive sulphide mineralization remains in the immediate area of the historic mine workings. The Company will work towards establishing a continuum and enlargement of the massive sulphide mineralization between all three target areas.

To date, 54 holes have been drilled around the license by the Company for a total of 21,121 meters. More than 10 of the holes intercepted massive sulphides with various grades of copper, zinc, and lead. At least 75% of the holes contained base metal mineralization in veins and veinlets, often in stockworks, and often containing detectable gold and silver.

QUARTERLY FINANCIAL CONDITION

Capital Resources

On March 26, 2018, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement by issuing 6,875,000 units at a price of $0.08 per unit for gross proceeds of $550,000. Each Unit consists of one common share and one non-transferable warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share for a 2 year period at a price of $0.12.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2018, the Company granted a total of 1,840,000 stock options at an exercise price of $0.10 per share for a period of five years to its directors, officers, employees and consultants.

On November 9, 2018, the Company completed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement by issuing 10,000,000 units at a price of $0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of $500,000. Each Unit consists of one common share and one non-transferable warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share for a 3 year period at a price of $0.10. If however the closing price of the Company's share are $0.20 or greater for a period of 20 consecutive trading days, the warrant holder will have 30 days to exercise their warrants; otherwise the warrants expire on the 31st day.

The Company is aware of the current conditions in the financial markets and its working capital deficit (see below) and has planned accordingly. The Company's current treasury, along with the recent announced private placement as well as the potential future cash flows from warrants, finders' warrants and options, will allow the Company's planned exploration program to continue throughout 2018 and into 2019. If the market conditions prevail or improve, the Company will make adjustment to budgets accordingly.

Liquidity

As at September 30, 2018, the Company had a deficit working capital of $202,167 (December 31, 2017 – working capital of $27,102). With respect to working capital, $9,265 was held in cash (December 31, 2017 - $182,794) and $21,852 was held in restricted cash (December 31, 2017 - $167,910). The decrease in cash was mainly due to the general administrative expenses and exploration work expenses while being offset by the net proceeds from issuance of common shares.

Operations

For the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared with the three months ended September 30, 2017:

Excluding the non-cash depreciation of $Nil (2017 - $370), the Company's general and administrative expenses amounted to $93,947 (2017 - $176,827), a decrease of $82,880 was mainly due to: (a) investor relations of $8,912 (2017 - $74,171) and (b) consulting of $24,471 (2017 - $40,000). The Company has been conserving cash.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, the Company expensed exploration costs totaling $364,237 including $213,410 on Alvito, $58,263 on Alvalade, $10,382 on Covas, $66,528 on other projects in Portugal, $8,977 on other projects in Kosovo, and $6,677 on others. During the three months ended September 30, 2017, the Company expensed exploration costs totaling $543,326 including $10,983 on Covas, $78,929 on Alvalade, $282,230 on Alvito, $134,054 on other projects in Portugal, $33,311 on other projects in Kosovo, and $3,819 on others.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, the Company reported a loss of $234,374 (2017 – $436,948), a decrease of $202,574. This is a result of a decrease in the general and administrative expenses as explained above and a decrease in the mineral exploration expenses.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2017:

Excluding the non-cash depreciation of $Nil (2017 - $2,211) and share-based payment of $141,124 (2017 - $110,564), the Company's general and administrative expenses amounted to $410,888 (2017 - $563,065), a decrease of $152,177. Investor relations decreased to $69,155 (2017 - $230,995) while professional fees increased to $153,684 (2017 - $138,006). The Company has been conserving cash.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company expensed exploration costs totaling $1,447,725 including $988,307 on Alvito, $168,886 on Alvalade, $11,055 on Covas, $197,964 on other projects in Portugal, $60,915 on other projects in Kosovo, and $20,598 on others. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company expensed exploration costs totaling $1,195,303 including $27,170 on Covas, $166,815 on Alvalade, $460,002 on Alvito, $335,861 on other projects in Portugal, $117,429 on other projects in Kosovo, $29,621 on its project in Germany, and $58,405 on others.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company reported a loss of $900,798 (2017 – $1,395,753), a decrease of $494,955 as a result of a decrease in the general and administrative expenses as explained above and an increase in reimbursements from optionees.

SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the quarter, there was no significant transaction between related parties.

COMMITMENTS, EXPECTED OR UNEXPECTED, OR UNCERTAINTIES

As of the date of the MD&A, the Company entered into a long-term loan to purchase a used vehicle. The long-term loan is repayable in monthly payments totaling $28,697 (€19,106), including interest calculated at 5.635%, and maturing on April 5, 2022. The Company has not pledged any of its assets as security for loans other than $177,236 (€118,000) cash pledge for its exploration licenses in Portugal and is not subject to any debt covenants.

Other than disclosed in this MD&A – Quarterly Highlights, the Company does not have any commitments, expected or unexpected, or uncertainties.

RISK FACTORS

In our MD&A filed on SEDAR April 24, 2018 in connection with our annual financial statements (the "Annual MD&A"), we have set out our discussion of the risk factors *Exploration risks, Market risks* and *Financing risk* which we believe are the most significant risks faced by Avrupa. An adverse development in any one risk factor or any combination of risk factors could result in material adverse outcomes to the Company's undertakings and to the interests of stakeholders in the Company including its investors. Readers are cautioned to take into account the risk factors to which the Company and its operations are exposed. To the date of this document, there have been no significant changes to the risk factors set out in our Annual MD&A.

DISCLOSURE OF OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value. The following is a summary of the Company's outstanding share data as at September 30, 2018:

	Issued and Outstanding	
	September 30, 2018	November 29, 2018
Common shares outstanding	93,793,797	103,793,797
Stock options	8,085,000	6,940,000
Warrants	30,592,000	40,592,000
Finder's options	411,250	411,250
Warrants associated with finder's options	411,250	411,250
Fully diluted common shares outstanding	133,293,297	152,148,297

Cautionary Statements

This document contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities regulations. All statements other than statements of historical fact herein, including, without limitation, statements regarding exploration results and plans, and our other future plans and objectives, are forward-looking statements that involve various risks and uncertainties. Such forward-looking statements include, without limitation, our estimates of exploration investment, the scope of our exploration programs, and our expectations of ongoing administrative costs. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, and future events and actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations are disclosed in the Company's documents filed from time to time via SEDAR with the Canadian regulatory agencies to whose policies we are bound. Forward-looking statements are based on the estimates and opinions of management on the date the statements are made, and we do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements should conditions or our estimates or opinions change, except as required by law. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, including risks associated with mineral exploration, price volatility in the mineral commodities we seek, and operational and political risks. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.